

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4352

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Unique Paper Code : 2081001010

Name of the Paper : Translation and Interpretation in Manipuri

Name of the Course : AEC

Semester : 2nd

Duration : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **all** Questions.

I. Choose the correct answers from the following questions.

2X10=20

1. 'এগাটি নলী লম্বাটী' লগি লেখক তাম্রাশ্রুতকী পুস্তককী

- (A) জৈগীল তাম্রাশ্রুত (B) পুণ্ড্রাশ্রুত স্মৃতি
(C) স্মৃতি পুণ্ড্রাশ্রুত (D) গীতগোবিন্দ স্মৃতি

2. স্মৃতিশ্রুতকী পুস্তককী

- (A) পুণ্ড্রাশ্রুত (B) গীতগোবিন্দ
(C) গীতগোবিন্দ (D) পুণ্ড্রাশ্রুত

3. 'স্মৃতি' কী লেখক তাম্রাশ্রুতকী

- (A) গীতগোবিন্দ (B) গীতগোবিন্দ
(C) গীতগোবিন্দ (D) গীতগোবিন্দ

4. পুণ্ড্রাশ্রুতকী পুস্তককী

- (A) গীতগোবিন্দ (B) গীতগোবিন্দ
(C) গীতগোবিন্দ (D) গীতগোবিন্দ

P.T.O.

5. ຄູ່ເກຣນຊຸມ ລະຫວ່າງ ຕະຫຼາດສູນກາງ ພາກໃຕ້

- (A) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ ສູງກວ່າກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (B) ພະລັງ ມີກຳລັງ
(C) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (D) ລູກ ມີກຳລັງ

6. ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

- (A) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ ພະລັງ (B) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ
(C) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ (D) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ

7. ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

- (A) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (B) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ
(C) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (D) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

8. 'ພະລັງ ພະລັງ ພະລັງ' ພະລັງ ພະລັງ ພະລັງ

- (A) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ (B) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ
(C) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ (D) ພະລັງ ພະລັງ

9. ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

- (A) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (B) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ
(C) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (D) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

10. 'ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ' ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

- (A) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (B) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ
(C) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ (D) ກຳລັງມີຊັບພະຍາກອນ

II. Answer any Two questions.**5X2=10**

1. සැප්ටැම්බර් ෧෬වැනිදින තැනැත්තාගේ පළමු චන්ද්‍රයාගේ ස්ථාන නිර්ණය කළේය.
2. ග්ලෝබල් තැනැත්තාගේ පළමු චන්ද්‍රයාගේ ස්ථාන නිර්ණය කළේය.
3. ප්‍රවේශනාත්මකව පර්යේෂණාත්මකව ස්ථාන නිර්ණය කළේය.
4. ෧෬වැනි සැප්ටැම්බර් තැනැත්තාගේ පළමු චන්ද්‍රයාගේ ස්ථාන නිර්ණය කළේය.

III. Answer any two questions.**15X2=30**

1. තැනැත්තාගේ ස්ථාන නිර්ණය කළේය.
2. සැප්ටැම්බර් ෧෬වැනිදින තැනැත්තාගේ පළමු චන්ද්‍රයාගේ ස්ථාන නිර්ණය කළේය.

The pursuit of science is a combination of great elation and great despair. I went over many such episodes in my mind. Johannes Kepler, whose three orbital laws form the basis of space research, took nearly 17 years after formulating the two laws about planetary motion around the sun, to enunciate his third law which gives the relation between the size of the elliptical orbit and the length of time it takes for the planet to go around the sun. How many failures and frustrations must he have gone through? The idea that man could land on the moon, developed by the Russian mathematician Konstantin Tsiolkovsky, was realised after nearly four decades- and by the United States, at that. Prof. Chandrasekhar had to wait nearly 50 years before receiving the Nobel Prize for his discovery of the 'Chandrasekhar Limit', a discovery made while he was a graduate student at Cambridge in the 1930s. If his work had been recognized then, it could have led to the discovery of the Black Hole decades earlier. How many failures must Von Braun have gone through before his Saturn launch vehicle put man on the moon? These thoughts helped to give me the ability to withstand apparently irreversible setbacks.

