

10268A

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Physics NEP: UGCF-2022

Semester : VII

Name of the Paper : Advanced Mathematical Physics (DSE)

Unique Paper Code : 2223010032

S. No. of Question Paper :

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum marks: 90

Attempt five questions in all with question no. 1 as compulsory.

1. Attempt any six questions:

(6 × 3 = 18)

(a) Find

$$L\left[\int_0^t \frac{\sin u}{u} du\right]$$

(b) Is the permutation $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 & 6 & 5 & 8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ even or odd?

(c) What are the generators of the cyclic group $G = \langle a \rangle$ of order 10?

(d) Find

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s+7}{s^2-2s-3}\right\}$$

(e) Show that the set of orthogonal matrices

$$G = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}, \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

forms a $SO(2)$ group under matrix multiplication.

- (f) Construct Green's function for the inhomogeneous equation

$$y''(x) = f(x)$$

with the boundary conditions $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(1) = 0$.

- (g) Show that Green's function is symmetric with respect to $\bar{r}_1$ and $\bar{r}_2$ i.e.

$$G(\bar{r}_1, \bar{r}_2) = G(\bar{r}_2, \bar{r}_1)$$

2.

- (a) Solve the following differential equation using Laplace transform

(10)

$$y'' - y = e^{2t}$$

with initial conditions $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = 0$.

- (b) Find Laplace transform of the following function.

(8)

$$f(t) = e^{-4t} \frac{\sin t}{t}$$

3.

- (a) Plot the function

$$f(t) = \sin t, 0 < t < \pi$$

$$= 0, \pi < t < 2\pi$$

extended periodically with period 2π . Find $L[f(t)]$.

(10)

- (b) Using convolution theorem of Laplace transforms, evaluate.

(8)

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)} \right\}; a^2 \neq b^2$$

4.

- (a) Consider a group $G = \{e, a, b, c\}$ under a binary operation "*" having Cayley group table:

*	e	a	b	c
e	e	a	b	c
a	a	e	c	b
b	b	c	a	e
c	c	b	e	a

Show that following map is isomorphic where $F: G \rightarrow S_4$

$$F(e) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, F(a) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, F(b) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } F(c) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (10)$$

- (b) Show that the general form of the elements of $SU(2)$ group with respect to matrix multiplication is given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -b^* & a^* \end{bmatrix}$$

Also find all the generators of $SU(2)$ group. (8)

5.

- (a) Prove that the symmetry operations of an equilateral triangle form a dihedral group D_3 . Write the (2×2) matrix representation of all the elements of D_3 . Show that the symmetry operations and the group of representation matrices are isomorphic to each other. (10)

- (b) Consider the cyclic permutations generated by (1234) in Permutation/Symmetric group, S_4 . Check whether these cyclic permutations form a subgroup of S_4 . (8)

6.

- (a) A pendulum in the earth gravitational field is driven by an external time dependent force $F(t)$. If the driven $y(t)$ from the equilibrium position remains small, we can model this system by a harmonic oscillator whose differential equation is given by

$$\ddot{y}(t) + \omega^2 y(t) = F(t), t > 0$$

with homogeneous initial conditions $y(0) = \dot{y}(0) = 0$. By using Green's function approach, solve the differential equation. (10)

- (b) Obtain the Green's function for the linear operator

$$L(x(y)) = \left(\frac{d}{dy} \left(y \frac{d}{dy} \right) - \frac{m^2}{y} \right) x(y)$$

for $x(1) = 0$ and finite at $x(0)$. m be the constant. (8)